

TEST REPORT
EN 62471
Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report Reference No	3007562.52-QUA/LI
Date of issue :	2011-04-01
Total number of pages:	22 Pages
Testing Laboratory	DEKRA Certification Hong Kong Limited
Address :	Unit 1-14, 6/F., Fuk Shing Commercial Building, 28 On Lok Mun Street, On Lok Tsuen, Fanling, N.T., Hong Kong
Applicant's name	Matrix Lighting Limited
Address :	Room 223-231, 2/F., East Wing, Tsim Sha Tsui Centre, 66 Mody Rd., Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Test specification:	
Standard:	EN 62471:2008
Test procedure :	LVD
Non-standard test method:	N/A
Test Report Form No	IEC62471A
TRF Originator	VDE Testing and Certification Institute
Master TRF:	Dated 2009-05
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	Report unless signed by an approved CB Testing Laboratory ate issued by an NCB in accordance with IECEE 02.
Test item description:	5 Feet LED tube
Trade Mark:	VIRIBRIGHT
Manufacturer:	Matrix Lighting Limited
	Sha Guo Industrial Zone, Ban Fu Country, Zhongshan, Guangdong Province, P.R. China
Model/Type reference:	T8-150EU
Ratings:	220-240 Vac; 50 / 60 Hz; 150 mA; 25 W; G13



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Testi	ng procedure and testing location:		
\boxtimes	Testing Laboratory:	DEKRA Certif	ication Hong Kong Limited
Testing location/ address:			., Fuk Shing Commercial Building, 28 On Lok In Lok Tsuen, Fanling, N.T., Hong Kong
	Associated CB Laboratory:		
Test	ing location/ address		
	Tested by (name + signature):	Anky Leung	Anfritanny.
	Approved by (+ signature):	Roy Yip	\mathcal{A}
⊟	Testing procedure: TMP		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature)		
Test	ing location/ address:		
₽	Testing procedure: WMT		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Witnessed by (+ signature)		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
Test	ing location/ address:		
	Testing procedure: SMT		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
	Supervised by (+ signature):		
Test	ing location/ address :		
	Testing procedure: RMT		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
	Supervised by (+ signature):		
Test	ing location/ address:		



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Summary of testing:	
Tests performed (name of test and test clause):	Testing location:
T8-150EU had been tested according to the EN 62471:2008 and classified as Exempt Group. After review, the model equipped with 3000K and 5600K LED had been chosen for test which can represent all models.	DEKRA Certification Hong Kong Limited Unit 1-14, 6/F., Fuk Shing Commercial Building, 28 On Lok Mun Street, On Lok Tsuen, Fanling, N.T., Hong Kong
Summary of compliance with National Difference	s:
N/A	
Copy of marking plate:	
N/A	



Test item particulars	5 Feet LED tube
Tested lamp	: 🛛 continuous wave lamps 🛛 🗌 pulsed lamps
Tested lamp system:	N/A
Lamp classification group:	🛛 exempt 🗌 risk 1 🗌 risk 2 🗌 risk 3
Lamp cap	: G13
Bulb	: 20x replaceable LED module
	(each module contain 16x non-replaceable LED)
Rated of the lamp:	48 Vdc
Furthermore marking on the lamp:	N/A
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard:	N/A
Used measurement instrument:	Spectroradiometer
Temperature by measurement:	25 ℃
Information for safety use:	
Possible test case verdicts:	
 test case does not apply to the test object 	N/A (Not applicable)
 test object does meet the requirement 	: P (Pass)
- test object does not meet the requirement	: F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item	2011-03-03
Date (s) of performance of tests	: 2011-03-04 to 2011-03-28
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to t This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information a "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to t Throughout this report a comma (point) is used as the List of test equipment must be kept on file and availa Although not listed in this report, IEC/TR 62471-2:200	but the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. ppended to the report. he report. e decimal separator. ble for review.
The model: T8-150EU was classified as Exempt Gro photobiological hazard according to EN 62471. No la	
General product information:	
5 Feet LED tube	



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

4	EXPOSURE LIMITS	P
4.1	General	Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure	Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10^4 cd m ⁻²	3 P
4.3	Hazard exposure limits	Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye	Р
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J [·] m ⁻² within any 8-hour period	Р
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance , E_S , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:	Р
	$E_{\rm s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\rm UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$	Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:	Р
	$t_{\max} = \frac{30}{E_s} \qquad s$	Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye	Р
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 Jm^{-2} for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E_{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W m ⁻² .	Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:	Р
	$t_{\max} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$	Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit	Р
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , L_B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:	P



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	$L_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for t $\le 10^4$ s $t_{max} = \frac{10^6}{L_B}$	Р
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad {\rm W} \cdot {\rm m}^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1}$	for t > 10^4 s	Р
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source)	N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_{λ} , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	N/A
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad {\rm W} \cdot {\rm m}^{-2}$	for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_{λ} , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Ρ
	$L_{FI} = \sum_{380}^{1400} I_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}} \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	(10 µs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	Р
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit - weak visual s	timulus	N/A
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L_{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		N/A
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad W \cdot {\rm m}^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1}$	t > 10 s	N/A
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		Р
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E_{IR} , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		P
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0,75} \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	t ≤ 1000 s	Р
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		Р



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	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \rm W \cdot m^{-2} \qquad t > 1000 \ \rm s$	Р
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin	Р
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:	Р
	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0,25} \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	Р

5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	S P
5.1	Measurement conditions	
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.	Р
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)	N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.	N/A
5.1.2	Test environment	Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.	Р
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation	Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.	Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation	N/A
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:	N/A
	 the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or 	N/A
	 the manufacturer's recommendation 	N/A
5.1.5	Lamp system operation	Р
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:	Р
	 the appropriate IEC standard, or 	N/A
	 the manufacturer's recommendation 	Р
5.2	Measurement procedure	Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements	P
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.	Р



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	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		Р
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		Р
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method		Р
	The measurements made with an optical system.		Р
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		P
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		Р
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.		Р
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		Р
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		Р
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A
	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods		Р
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	Р
5.3.2	Calculations		Р
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	Р

6		LAMP CLASSIFICATION	Р
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	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	Р
	 for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm 		Р
	 for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 		N/A
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р
6.1.1	Exempt Group		Р
	In the exempt group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Р
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_s) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor 		Р
	 a near-UV hazard (E_{UVA}) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor 		Р
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor 		Р
	- a retinal thermal hazard (L _R) within 10 s, nor		Р
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s 		Р
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N/A
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		N/A
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_s) within 10000 s, nor 		N/A
	- a near ultraviolet hazard (E _{UVA}) within 300 s, nor		N/A
	- a retinal blue-light hazard (L _B) within 100 s, nor		N/A
	- a retinal thermal hazard (L _R) within 10 s, nor		N/A
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 100 s 		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_s) within 1000 s exposure, nor 		N/A



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	- a near ultraviolet hazard (E _{UVA}) within 100 s, nor	N/A
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 	N/A
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 	N/A
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 10 s 	N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.	N/A
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)	N/A
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.	N/A
6.2	Pulsed lamps	N/A
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.	N/A
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.	N/A
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:	N/A
	 a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) 	N/A
	 for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group 	N/A
	 for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission 	N/A



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Clause	Requirement + Test

Result – Remark

Verdict

able 4.1	Spectral we	eighting function for assessing ι	Iltraviolet hazards for sk		Р
	elength ¹ , nm	UV hazard function S _{υν} (λ)	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard fu S _{υν} (λ)	nction
2	200	0,030	313*	0,006	
	205	0,051	315	0,003	
2	210	0,075	316	0,0024	
	215	0,095	317	0,0020	
	220	0,120	318	0,0016	
2	225	0,150	319	0,0012	
2	230	0,190	320	0,0010	
2	235	0,240	322	0,00067	7
2	240	0,300	323	0,00054	ŀ
	245	0,360	325	0,00050)
2	250	0,430	328	0,00044	ŀ
2	254*	0,500	330	0,00041	
	255	0,520	333*	0,00037	7
	260	0,650	335	0,00034	ŀ
	265	0,810	340	0,00028	3
2	270	1,000	345	0,00024	ŀ
2	275	0,960	350	0,00020)
2	280*	0,880	355	0,00016	6
	285	0,770	360	0,00013	3
	290	0,640	365*	0,00011	
	295	0,540	370	0,00009	3
2	297*	0,460	375	0,00007	7
(300	0,300	380	0,00006	4
3	303*	0,120	385	0,00005	3
(305	0,060	390	0,00004	4
(308	0,026	395	0,00003	6
:	310	0,015	400	0,00003	0

¹ Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

* Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



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Wavelength	Blue-light hazard function	Burn hazard function	
nm	Β (λ)	R (λ)	
300	0,01		
305	0,01		
310	0,01		
315	0,01		
320	0,01		
325	0,01		
330	0,01		
335	0,01		
340	0,01		
345	0,01		
350	0,01		
355	0,01		
360 365	0,01		
	0,01		
<u>370</u> 375	0,01		
		0.1	
380	0,01 0,013	<u> </u>	
<u>385</u> 390	0,013		
395		0,25 0,5	
400	0,05 0,10	1,0	
400	0,20	2,0	
403	0,40	4,0	
415	0,80	8,0	
420	0,90	9,0	
425	0,95	9,5	
430	0,98	9,8	
435	1,00	10,0	
440	1,00	10,0	
445	0,97	9,7	
450	0,94	9,4	
455	0,90	9,0	
460	0,80	8,0	
465	0,70	7,0	
470	0,62	6,2	
475	0,55	5,5	
480	0,45	4,5	
485	0,40	4,0	
490	0,22	2,2	
495	0.16	1,6	
500-600	10 ^[(450-λ)/50]	1,0	
600-700	0,001	1 0	
700-1050		1,0 10 ^[(700-x)/500]	
1050-1150		0,2 0,2 ⁻ 10 ^{0,02(1150-λ)}	
1150-1200		0.2·10 ^{0,02(1150-λ)}	



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Table 4.2 Spectral weighting functions for assessing retinal hazards from broadband optical P								
	sources							
	1200-1400		0,02	-				



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Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the	surface of the sl	kin or cornea (irradiance bas	sed values) P
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of constant irradiance W•m ⁻²
Actinic UV skin & eye	$E_{S} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 - 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t
Eye UV-A	$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10
Blue-light small source	$E_{B} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0
Eye IR	$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 – 3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t ^{0,75} 100
Skin thermal	$E_{H} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 - 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t ^{0,75}

Table 5.5	Sun	nmary of the ELs for the	e retina (radian	ce based valu	es)		Р
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in ter constant r W•m ⁻² 4	adiance
Blue light		$L_B = \sum L_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	0,25 – 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000	0,011•√(t/10) 0,011 0,0011•√t 0,1	10 ⁶ 10 ⁶ 10 ⁶ 100	/t /t
Retinal thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(c 50000/(c	
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)		$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000)/α



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	Emission limits (For 3000K LE	• •	os of continuo	us wave larr	nps				Р
					Em	ission Measu	rement		
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units		Exempt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
	opeenan			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S _{UV} (λ)	Es	W•m⁻²	0,001	0,00016	0,003		0,03	
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m ⁻²	10	0,000099	33		100	
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	32,82	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E _B	W•m⁻²	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	329,55 (α=70,59 mrad)	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	6000/α		6000/α		6000/α	
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m ⁻²	100	0,44	570		3200	
	urce defined a evaluation of 1			n. Averaging	field of view at 10000 s	l s is 0,1 radiar	l 1.		



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		mission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps For 5600K LED)							Р
					Em	ission Measu	rement		
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units		Exempt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
	opeenem			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	$S_{UV}(\lambda)$	Es	W•m⁻²	0,001	0,00015	0,003		0,03	
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m⁻²	10	0,00011	33		100	
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	66,89	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	, Β(λ)	E _B	W•m⁻²	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	488,72 (α=67,053 mrad)	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	6000/α		6000/α		6000/α	
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m⁻²	100	0,037	570		3200	

** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



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Appendix 1: List of test equipment

Furthermore remarks:

List of test equipment used:

Clause	Measurement/ testing	Registration Number	Testing/measuring equipment/material used	Range used	Calibration date
5	Irradiance measurements Radiance measurements	HK 391	Spectroradiometer	200-3000nm	Last cal. date: 2009-09-07



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Appendix 2: Photo of document:



T8-150EU – Outlook



3000K LED module



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Appendix 2: Photo of document:



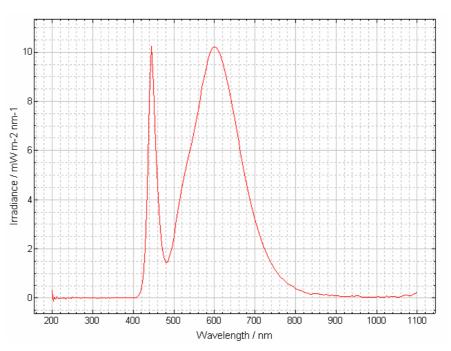
5600K LED module



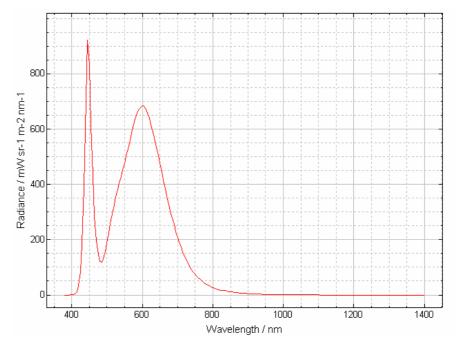
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Appendix 3: Test Result



3000K LED measured spectral irradiance distribution



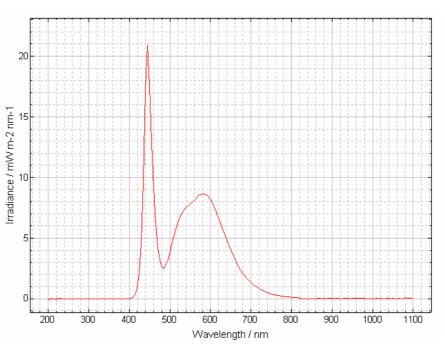
3000K LED measured spectral radiance distribution



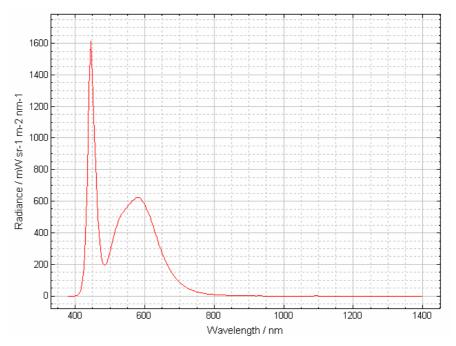
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Appendix 3: Test Result



5600K LED measured spectral irradiance distribution



5600K LED measured spectral radiance distribution



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Appendix 4: The difference between IEC 62471:2006 and EN 62471:2008

Table 4.1 wavelength step of the SUV(λ) is 1nm listed according to EN 62471 and 5nm listed according to IEC 62471. The system is calculated according to both IEC 62471 and EN 62471, so that the results which calculated have no influence to the issued result, especially for the lamp classification. As the result, EN 62471 can be covered for the tested items in this report.

About the starting wavelength from 180nm of EN 62471 and starting wavelength from 200nm of IEC 62471, it is very difficult to obtain the radiation below 200nm at common condition and also from the behaviour of samples which are tested. However, there should be no any output below 200nm for the normal lamps. As the result, EN 62471 can be covered for the tested items in this report.

About Blue Light Small Source, the limit of Exempt Group is 0,01 W•m-2 according to EN 62471 and 1,0 W•m-2 according to IEC 62471. Since the evaluation of Blue Light in this report do not consider as small source, so there are no influence to the Blue Light hazard classification also.